

# HLMT MAKMUR FUND

(HLMTDM)

June 2022

## Fund Features

### 1. Investment Objective

HLMT Makmur Fund - HLMTDM ("The Fund") aims to achieve a consistent capital growth over a medium-to-long term investment horizon by investing in compliance with the Shariah requirements.

### 2. Investment Strategy & Approach

At inception, the Fund will invest by feeding into Hong Leong Dana Makmur ("Target Fund"), a shariah-compliant unit trust fund managed by Hong Leong Asset Management Berhad.

Generally, the Target Fund selects undervalued companies that have the potential to offer good medium-to-long term (3 to 5 years) capital growth.

### 3. Asset Allocation

The Fund will be investing a minimum of 90% of the Fund's net asset value ("NAV") in the Target Fund and a maximum of 10% of the Fund's NAV in money market instruments and/or deposits.

The indicative asset allocation for the Target Fund is to invest a minimum 70% of its NAV into Shariah-compliant equities and a maximum 30% of its NAV into Islamic money market instruments and Sukuk.

### 4. Target Market

The Fund is suitable for investors who:

- Seek to achieve capital growth through a diversified portfolio of investments.
- Have a medium-to-long term investment horizon.

## Fund Details

Unit Price (30/06/2022)	<b>RM 0.8803</b>
Fund Size (30/06/2022)	<b>RM 2,449.9k</b>
Fund Management Fee	<b>1.50%</b>
Fund Manager	<b>Hong Leong MSIG Takaful Berhad</b>
Fund Category	<b>Islamic Equity/Growth</b>
Fund Inception	<b>13/04/2021</b>
Benchmark	<b>FBM EMAS Shariah Index</b>
Frequency of Unit Valuation	<b>Daily</b>

\*The company reserves the right to change the Fund Management Fee (% p.a.) by giving the Certificate Owner ninety (90) days prior written notice.

\*Investment-linked unit price will be updated and published daily in our corporate website. Please refer to our website [www.hlmtakaful.com.my/Quick-Links/Fund-Prices.aspx](http://www.hlmtakaful.com.my/Quick-Links/Fund-Prices.aspx)

## Target Fund Sector Allocation as at 30 June 2022

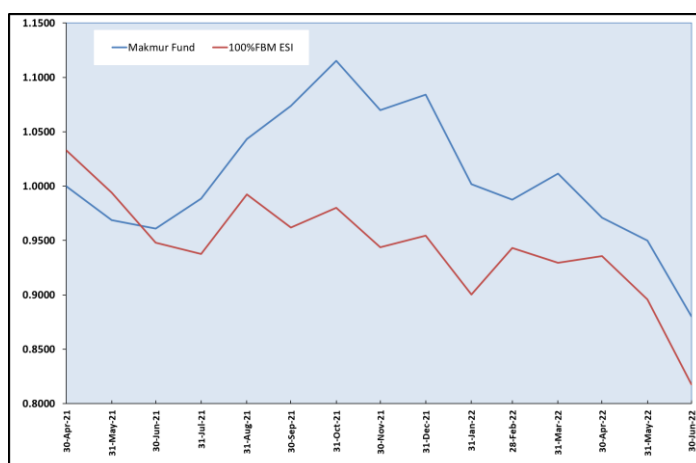
### Sector Allocation (% of NAV)



## Target Fund Top 5 Holdings as at 30 June 2022

1	<b>BERJAYA FOOD BERHAD</b>	<b>6.65%</b>
2	<b>GENETEC TECHNOLOGY BERHAD</b>	<b>6.00%</b>
3	<b>PENTAMASTER CORPORATION BERHAD</b>	<b>5.96%</b>
4	<b>D&amp;O GREEN TECHNOLOGIES BERHAD</b>	<b>5.11%</b>
5	<b>YBS INTERNATIONAL BERHAD</b>	<b>4.94%</b>

## Historical Performance



	1 Month	YTD	1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	Since Inception
<b>Makmur</b>	<b>-7.33%</b>	<b>-18.81%</b>	<b>-8.40%</b>	-	-	<b>-11.97%</b>
<b>Benchmark*</b>	<b>-8.74%</b>	<b>-14.34%</b>	<b>-13.75%</b>	-	-	<b>-18.25%</b>
<b>Relative</b>	<b>1.41%</b>	<b>-4.47%</b>	<b>5.35%</b>	-	-	<b>6.28%</b>

\*Source: Bloomberg

## **Market Review, Outlook & Strategy by the Target Fund**

### **Equities Market**

During the month, the FTSE BM KLCI declined 8.0% to close at 1,444 points. The broader market outperformed as the FTSE BM EMAS Index declined 7.6% to close at 10,307 points. Small caps underperformed as the FTSE BM Small Cap Index declined 8.8% to close at 14,236 points.

The local market fell in tandem with global and regional equities as recession fears rear its head. Falling oil price and crude palm oil prices also affected investors sentiment as the local market experienced foreign investor net outflows during the month for the first time this year.

On the corporate front, Axiata Group Berhad and Digi.com Berhad received approval from the Malaysian Communications and Multimedia Commission to proceed with the proposed merger.

The Fund will continue to invest in Shariah-compliant stocks of companies that would benefit from superior pricing power and efficient cost management.

### **Sukuk Market**

The Federal Reserve (Fed) accelerated its borrowing cost hike cycle by lifting the borrowing cost by 75bps to 1.50%-1.75% in the June Federal Open Market Committee meeting. The Fed will continue to tighten borrowing costs as inflation remains well above the Fed's target, but the pace will be determined at each meeting as Chairman Jerome Powell expects the borrowing cost to be lifted above the long-term neutral borrowing cost of 2.5% to bring down inflation.

The local sovereign bond yields edged higher by 10 to 20bps across the curve tracking the movement in the US Treasuries. The newly issued 15-year Malaysian Government Securities trended to as high as 4.76% post auction, 16bps higher from its average auction yield of 4.60%.

S&P Global revised Malaysia's outlook from Negative to Stable due to Malaysia's strong economic recovery path, supported by higher exports, high commodity prices and domestic demand. Malaysia's gross domestic product is projected to grow 6.1% in 2022 and 5% in 2023.

In the primary pipeline, Sarawak Petrochemical will be looking to raise RM3 billion from the local primary market via several tranches ranging from 3 to 15 years. Danum Capital which serves as Khazanah National's special purpose vehicle as well as Tenaga Nasional Berhad issued in total RM5 billion worth of bonds in the market in June.

Malaysia's inflation measured by the Consumer Price Index increased 2.8% in May 2022 year-on-year (April: 2.3%) mainly driven by food inflation and some seasonal effect during Ramadan highest since October 2011.

On the monetary policy front, Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) added that subsequent borrowing cost hikes will be done in a measured and gradual manner to ensure that monetary policy remains supportive of economic growth. Given signs of broader inflation on consumer prices and ongoing domestic recovery, we believe BNM will follow-through with borrowing cost normalisation at both the July and September monetary policy meetings.

In terms of portfolio action, we continue to remain defensive due to rising borrowing cost environment and inflationary pressure.

## **Target Fund Performance**

The actual investment return for the Target Fund was as follows:

### **Performance Records**

	Percentage Growth		Annualised Compounded Return	
	HLDM (%)	Benchmark (%)	HLDM (%)	Benchmark (%)
Year-to-date	-20.75	-14.34	-	-
1 Month	-8.27	-8.74	-	-
3 Months	-14.57	-12.05	-	-
6 Months	-20.75	-14.34	-	-
1 Year	-9.08	-13.75	-9.08	-13.75
3 Years	73.75	-13.43	20.20	-4.69
5 Years	70.44	-18.08	11.25	-3.91
10 Years	142.46	-4.54	9.26	-0.46

Source: Hong Leong Asset Management Berhad

### **Calendar Year Returns**

	HLDM (%)	Benchmark (%)	HLDM Distribution Yield (%)
2021	33.98	-6.81	6.51
2020	47.16	10.14	11.92
2019	29.14	3.85	11.10
2018	-18.43	-13.52	6.70
2017	20.43	10.72	17.68
2016	-2.13	-6.14	5.99
2015	13.09	2.35	6.47
2014	-0.82	-4.17	5.56
2013	10.63	13.29	6.62
2012	7.92	11.85	5.69

Source: Hong Leong Asset Management Berhad

Notice: Past performance is not an indication of its future performance.

- Actual returns of the Target Fund on a net basis (net of tax and charges) or since inception if shorter (warning statement: this is strictly the performance of the Target Fund, and not the returns earned on the actual contributions paid of the Investment-Linked product).
- The investment returns shall be calculated based on the unit price of the Target Fund and the formula shall be consistent with that of the benchmark indices.
- Any performance comparison of Target Fund must be with that of a similar fund, in terms of investment objectives and focus and based on similar time frame of at least 12 months.

### **Investment Risks**

All investments carry risks. Investors must be prepared to accept a certain degree of risk when investing in this Fund. The following are some but not an exhaustive list of all the potential risks associated with investment in the Target Fund.

#### **1. Market Risk**

Due to price fluctuations of securities invested in by the Target Fund, the value of the investment may go up as well as down. The movement in securities prices is influenced by a number of factors, which include changes in economic, political and social environment.

#### **2. Credit Risk**

Applies to debt-type investments such as debentures and sukuk. The institution invested in may not be able to make the required profit payments or repayment of principal.

#### **3. Profit Rate Risk**

Applied to sukuk, security prices move in the opposite direction of profit rates. If profit rates rise and the security prices fall, this will lower the value of your investment and vice versa.

#### 4. Liquidity Risk

Defined as the ease with which a security can be sold at or near its fair value. This risk occurs in thinly traded or illiquid securities. Should the Fund need to sell a relatively large amount of such securities, such action itself may significantly depress the selling price.

#### 5. Concentration Risk

This risk is associated with a Target Fund whereby the investments of such fund are not diversified. A Target Fund invests mainly into another collective investment scheme.

### **Basis of Unit Valuation**

1. The assets of every fund are to be valued to determine the value at which units of a particular fund can be liquidated or purchased for investment purposes.
2. The unit price of a unit of a fund shall be determined by the Company but in any event shall not be less than the value of fund of the relevant fund (as defined below), divided by the number of units of the given fund in issue on the business day before the valuation date, and the result adjusted to the nearest one hundredth of a cent.
3. The maximum value of any asset of any fund shall not exceed the following price:
  - a. The last transacted market price at which those assets could be purchased or sold on the business day before the valuation date; or
  - b. In the case of securities for which market values are not readily available, the price at which, in our Investment Manager's opinion, the asset may have been purchased on the business day before the valuation date; plus any expenses which would have been incurred in its acquisition.
4. To ensure fair treatment to all unit holders, the cost of acquiring and disposing of assets is recouped by making a transaction cost adjustment to the NAV per unit.

### **Exceptional Circumstances**

The Takaful Operator reserves the right to defer the payment of benefits (other than death benefit) under this Certificate for a period not exceeding six (6) months from the date the payment would have been normally effected if not for intervening events such as temporary closure of any Stock Exchange in which the fund is invested which the Takaful Operator, in its discretion, may consider exceptional.

### **Basis of Calculation of Past Performance**

The historical performance of the fund is calculated based on the price difference over the period in consideration compared to the older price of the period in consideration.

$$\frac{\text{Unit Price}_t - \text{Unit Price}_{t-1}}{\text{Unit Price}_{t-1}}$$

For the underlying target fund, past performance is calculated on NAV per unit to NAV per unit basis with gross income (if any) from target fund reinvested, since launch, in MYR terms.

### **Others**

HLMT Makmur Fund is managed by Hong Leong MSIG Takaful Berhad. Any amount invested in this fund is invested by Hong Leong MSIG Takaful Berhad on behalf of Participant into the Target Fund which will invest in shariah compliant equity, sukuk and money market instrument/s. If the financial institutions and/or corporations issuing the funds defaults or insolvent, the Participant risks losing part or all of his/her amount that were invested into the instruments on his/her behalf by Hong Leong MSIG Takaful Berhad.

**THIS IS A TAKAFUL PRODUCT THAT IS TIED TO THE PERFORMANCE OF THE UNDERLYING ASSETS, AND IS NOT A PURE INVESTMENT PRODUCT SUCH AS UNIT TRUSTS.**

#### **Disclaimer:**

You must evaluate your options carefully and satisfy yourself that the investment-linked fund chosen meets your risk appetite. Past performance of the fund is not an indication of its future performance. The intention of this document is to enable Participant to better understand the fund features.